

# Unit-1

## THE SAVIOUR OF MANKIND

انسانیت کا نجات دہندہ

### Words Meaning الفاظ معانی (Translation) اردو ترجمہ

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Unparallel	Unparallel	بے مثال
Land	ground	زمین
Charm	attraction	دلکشی
Beauty	loveliness	خوبصورتی
Trackless	Trackless	گم نام راستہ
Deserts	wasteland	صحرا
Sand Dunes	Sand bank	ریت کے ٹیلے
Dazzling rays	stunning emission	شاندار
Tropical sun	hot sun	سورج کی گرمی
Starry sky	sparkly sky	تاروں سے بھرا آسمان
Excited	thrilled	پر جوش
Imagination	mind's eye	تخیل
Poet	writer	شاعر
Travelers	explorer	مسافر
Red Sea	Red Sea	بحیرہ احمر

1. Arabia is a land of unparalleled charm and beauty, with its trackless deserts of sand dunes in the dazzling rays of a tropical sun. Its starry sky has excited the imagination of poets and travelers. It was in this land that the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) was born, in the city of Makkah, which is about fifty miles from the Red Sea.

عرب بے مثال دلکشی اور خوبصورتی کی ایک سرزمین ہے، جس میں بہت تیز سورج کی کرنوں کی شعاعیں جو آنکھوں کو چند صیاد تہی ہیں اور گنٹام راستوں والے صحرا ہیں۔ اس کائناتوں سے نبرہ آسمان شاعروں اور مسافروں کے خیالات کو جوش بخشتا ہے۔ اسی سرزمین کے شہر مکہ میں حضرت محمد ﷺ پیدا ہوئے جو کہ بحیرہ احمر سے تقریباً پچاس میل دور ہے۔

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Possessed	obsessed	موجود
Remarkable	extraordinary	قابل ذکر
Eloquent	expressive	فصح
Expression	appearance	اظہار
Poetry	verse	شاعری
Competition	rivalry	مقابلہ
Narrated	relate	روایت
Caliph	Caliph	خلیفہ
Recite	declaim	تلاوت
Alphabet	Alphabet	حروف
Composed	calm	مشتعل ہے
Almighty	enormous	اللہ تعالیٰ
Dispensation	indulgence	تقسیم
Preservation	conservation	تحفظ

2. The Arabs possessed a remarkable memory and were an eloquent people. Their eloquence and memory found expression in their poetry. Every year a fair was held for poetical competitions at Ukaz. It is narrated that Hammad said to Caliph Walid bin Yazid: "I can recite to you, for each letter of the alphabet, one hundred long poems, without taking into account short pieces, and all of that composed exclusively by poets before the promulgation of Islam." It is no small wonder that

Allah Almighty chose the Arabic language for His final dispensation and the preservation of His Word.

عرب غیر معمولی یادداشت اور فصیح و بلیغ لوگ تھے۔ ان کی یادداشت اور فصاحت کی مثالیں ان کی شاعری میں ملتی ہیں۔ ہر سال عکاظ کے مقام پر ایک میلہ منعقد کیا جاتا تھا جس میں شاعرانہ مقابلوں کا انعقاد کیا جاتا تھا۔ روایت ہے کہ حماد نے خلیفہ ولید بن یزید سے کہا ”میں حروفِ جنبی کے تمام حروف کی ایک سو طویل نظمیں پڑھ سکتا ہوں ان کو مختصر کیے بغیر اور یہ تمام اسلام کی تبلیغ سے قبل کے شعراء کی ہوں گی۔ یہ کوئی چھوٹی سی تعجب کی بات نہیں کہ اللہ تعالیٰ نے اپنے آخری احکام کی اشاعت اور حفاظت کے لیے عربی زبان کو منتخب کیا ہے۔“

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Centuries	hundred	صدیوں
Mankind	Humanity	بنی نوع انسان
Verge	edge	راستے
Chaos	disorder	افرا تفری
Civilization	people	تہذیب
Crumbling	breakdown	ٹوٹ جاتا
Humanity	humankind	انسانیت
Ignorance	lack of knowledge	جہالت
Faith	confidence	عقیدہ

3. In the fifth and sixth centuries, mankind stood on the verge of chaos. It seemed that the civilization which had taken four thousand years to grow had started crumbling. At this point in time, Allah Almighty raised a prophet from among themselves who was to lift the humanity from their ignorance into the light of faith.

پانچویں اور چھٹی صدی میں بنی نوع انسان انتشار اور تباہی کے دہانے پر کھڑی تھی۔ ایسا لگ رہا تھا کہ تہذیب جس نے پروان چڑھنے میں چار ہزار سال لگائے ہیں ڈگمگانا شروع ہو گئی تھی۔ اللہ تعالیٰ نے انہی میں سے ایک نبی ﷺ پیدا فرمایا جس نے انسانیت کو جہالت کے اندھیروں سے نکال کر ایمان کی روشنی کو بلند کیا۔

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Solitude	loneliness	اکیلا پن

<b>Mediation</b>	arbitration	غور و فکر
<b>Cave</b>	cavern	غار
<b>Remembrance</b>	commemoration	یاد

4. When Hazrat Muhammad (ﷺ) was thirty-eight years of age, he spent most of his time in solitude and meditation. In the cave of Hira, he used to retire with food and water and spend days and weeks in remembrance of Allah Almighty.

جب حضرت محمد ﷺ اڑتیس سال کے تھے تو آپ ﷺ اپنا زیادہ تر وقت تنہائی اور یاد الہی میں گزارا کرتے تھے۔ غار

حرام میں خوراک اور پانی لیکر تنہا کئی دن اور کئی ہفتے اللہ تعالیٰ کی یاد میں گزارا کرتے تھے۔

Words	Synonyms	معانی
<b>Profound</b>	deep	گہرا
<b>Compassion</b>	sympathy	ہمدردی
<b>Pressing urge</b>	Highly desire	زبردست خواہش
<b>Eradicate</b>	eliminate	کاخاتمہ کرنا
<b>Social evils</b>	communal harms	سماجی برائیاں
<b>Cruelty</b>	unkindness	ظلم
<b>Injustice</b>	unfairness	ناانصافی

5. The period of waiting had come to a close. His heart was overflowing with profound compassion for humanity. He had a pressing urge to eradicate wrong beliefs, social evils, cruelty and injustice. The moment had arrived when he was to be bestowed with prophethood. One day, when he was in the cave of Hira, Hazrat Jibril (Gabriel) (علیہ السلام) came and conveyed to him the following message of Allah Almighty:

اقْرَأْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ \* خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ \* إقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرَمُ \* الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ \* عَلَّمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمْ۔

Read in the name of thy Lord Who created; created man from a clot of congealed blood): Read and thy Lord is most Bountiful, Who taught (the use of) the pen, taught man that which he knew not. (Qur'an, 96:1-5)

انتظار کی مدت ختم ہونے کو تھی۔ آپ ﷺ کا دل انسانیت کی ہمدردی کے لیے بہت زیادہ چمک رہا تھا۔ آپ ﷺ کی

غلط عقائد، سماجی برائیوں، ظلم اور ناانصافی کا خاتمہ کرنے کی خواہش تھی۔ وہ وقت آپ کا تھا جب آپ ﷺ نبوت سے سرفراز ہونے

والے تھے۔ ایک دن آپ ﷺ جب حرا کی غار میں تھے، حضرت جبرائیل آئے اور درج ذیل اللہ تعالیٰ کا پیغام پہنچایا۔

پڑھ اپنے رب کے نام سے جس نے پیدا کیا، جس نے جسے ہوئے خون سے پیدا کیا، پڑھیں آپ کا رب بڑا کریم ہے۔ جس نے قلم کے ذریعے علم سکھایا اور انسان کو وہ کچھ سکھایا جو وہ نہیں جانتا تھا۔

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Eradicate	Eliminate	خاتمہ
Bestowed	Give	عطا کیا
Conveyed	Express	پیغام پہنچانا
Clot	Coagulate	جمنے
Congeaed blood	firm blood	جاما ہوا خون
Bountiful	Generous	کریم

6. The flow of the Divine message which continued for the next twenty-three years had begun, and the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) had arisen to proclaim Oneness of God (Tauheed) and the unity of mankind. His mission was to destroy the nexus of superstition, ignorance, and disbelief, set up a noble conception of life and lead mankind to the light of faith and divine bliss.

وحی کا نزول شروع ہو چکا تھا جو کہ اگلے تیس سال تک جاری رہا اور نبی پاک ﷺ نے اللہ تعالیٰ کی وحدت اور نسل انسانی کے اتحاد کا اعلان کیا۔ آپ ﷺ کا مقصد ادھام پرستی، جہالت اور بے یقینی کی فضاء کو ختم کرنا تھا۔ زندگی کا ایک عظیم تصور قائم کرنا اور ایمان اور خدا کی نعمتوں کی روشنی میں نئی نوع انسان کی قیادت کرنا۔

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Divine message	heavenly communication	وحی
Arisen	happen	پیدا
Destroy	obliterate	تباہ کرنا
Nexus	Nexus	گٹھ جوڑ
Superstition	false notion	دھم پرستی
Noble	dignified	نوبل
Proclaim	state publicly	اعلان کرنا

"My dear uncle, if they put the sun in my right hand and the moon in my left, even then I shall not abandon the proclamation of the Oneness of God (Tauheed). I shall set up the true faith upon the earth or perish in the attempt."

چونکہ یہ عقیدہ معاشرے میں ان کے غلبے کے لیے خطرہ پیدا کر رہا تھا۔ کفار عرب نے حضور نبی ﷺ اور ان کے پیروکاروں پر دباؤ بڑھانا شروع کر دیا۔ وہ چاہتے تھے کہ آپ ﷺ اپنے اولین مقصد کو چھوڑ کر بت پرستی اختیار کر لیں۔ ایک موقع پر، انہوں نے حضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کے پیارے چچا ابو طالب کی طرف ایک وفد بھیجا۔ انہوں نے آپ سے کہا کہ حضور نبی ﷺ کو اللہ تعالیٰ کے پیغام کی تبلیغ سے روکیں یا پھر ان کی دشمنی کا سامنا کریں۔ خود کو مشکل صورتحال میں دیکھ کر انہوں نے اپنے نتیجے کو پیغام بھیجا اور آپ ﷺ کو تمام معاملہ کی وضاحت کی۔ نبی ﷺ نے ان یادگار الفاظ کے ساتھ جواب دیا۔

"میرے پیارے چچا جان اگر وہ میرے دائیں ہاتھ میں سورج اور بائیں ہاتھ میں چاند رکھ دیں تب بھی میں خدا کی وحدانیت کے اعلان کو ترک نہیں کروں گا میں زمین پر عقیدہ برحق کو قائم کروں گا یا اس کوشش میں ختم ہو جاؤں گا۔"

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Threatening	intimidating	دھمکانا
Dominance	supremacy	غلبہ
Followers	group	پیروکار
Renounce	give up	ترک کرنا
Worshipping	Worshipping	پوجنا
Idol	icon	مورتی
Occasion	time	موقع
Delegation	allocation	وفد
Restrain	hold back	روکنا، باز رکھنا

<b>Dilemma</b>	quandary	الْبَحْصَن
<b>Memorable</b>	unforgettable	يَادِغَار
<b>Proclamation</b>	public statement	اِعْلَان
<b>Perish</b>	die	تَبَاهُ هُونَا
<b>Abandon</b>	dump	تَرْكُ كَرْدِينَا

8. The Holy Prophet's (ﷺ) uncle was so impressed with his nephew's firm determination that he replied:

"Son of my brother, go thy way, none will dare touch thee. I shall never forsake thee."

حضور ﷺ کے چچا ابو طالبؓ اپنے بھتیجے کے پختہ عزم سے اس قدر متاثر ہوئے اور انہوں نے جواب دیا۔

"میرے بھائی کے بیٹے اپنے راستے پر گامزن رہو، آپ ﷺ کو کوئی ہاتھ لگانے کی جرأت نہیں کر سکتا۔ میں آپ

ﷺ کو کبھی تنہا نہیں چھوڑوں گا۔"

Words	Synonyms	معانی
<b>Impressed</b>	frightened	متاثر ہوئے
<b>nephews</b>	Son of brother	بھتیجے
<b>Determination</b>	strength of mind	ارادہ، عزم

9. And the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) did go the way Allah Almighty had chosen for

mankind. Imbued with Divine Guidance and firm resolve, the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) encountered all the challenges with grace and dignity. In no time he elevated man to the highest possible level in both spiritual and worldly domains. He was also a driving force behind Arab conquests, which have created an everlasting impression on human history. No wonder, he is universally acknowledged as the most influential figure in history. In the words of Michael Hart, a great historian:

"Muhammad (ﷺ) however, was responsible for both the theology of Islam and its main ethical and moral principles. In addition he played a key role in proselytizing the new faith, and in establishing the religious practices...

In fact as the driving force behind the Arab conquests, he may well rank as the most influential political leader of all time...

The Arab conquests of the seventh century have continued to play an important role in human history, down to the present day.

اور نبی پاک ﷺ اس راستے پر چلتے گئے جس راستے کا انتخاب اللہ تعالیٰ نے نوع انسانی کے لیے کیا تھا۔ اللہ تعالیٰ کی رہنمائی اور پختہ عزم سے آپ ﷺ نے تمام چیلنجوں کا ڈٹ کر اور باوقار طرز عمل سے مقابلہ کیا اور کچھ ہی عرصے میں بنی نوع انسان کو بلند ترین ممکنہ سطح پر سرفراز فرمایا۔ آپ ﷺ عرب فتوحات کے پیچھے اصل طاقت تھے، جو انسانی تاریخ پر ایک لازوال تاثر پیدا کرتی ہے۔ اس پر حیران ہونے کی ضرورت نہیں، آپ ﷺ تاریخ میں ہر جگہ زیادہ بااثر شخصیت مانی جاتی ہیں۔ عظیم تاریخ دان مچل ہرٹ کی زبانی 'تاہم محمد ﷺ دونوں اسلام کی مذہبی عقائد اور مرکزی اخلاقیات اور اخلاقی اصولوں کے لئے ذمہ دار تھے۔ اس کے علاوہ انہوں نے نئے عقیدے کی تبلیغ اور مذہبی رسومات کے قیام میں ایک اہم کردار ادا کیا ہے۔'

در حقیقت عربوں کی فتوحات کی پشت پر محرک قوت ہونے کی حیثیت سے آپ ﷺ کو ہر زمانے کے بااثر سیاسی رہنماؤں کی صف میں عظیم الشان رتبہ دیا جاتا ہے۔

عربوں کی ساتویں صدی کی فتوحات آج تک انسانی تاریخ میں اپنا ایک اہم کردار جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔

Words	Synonyms	معانی
Imbued	instill	سرشار ہونا
Grace	elegance	شائستگی
Elevated	eminent	رتبہ بلند کر دیا
Everlasting	eternal	ہمیشہ رہنے والا
Influential	powerful	بااثر
Theology	religion	مذہبی علم
Principles	main beliefs	اصول
Proselytizing	Proselytizing	تلیغ کرنے میں

10. Such a thorough transformation of man and society owes to the Holy prophet's deep faith in Allah Almighty, to his love for humanity, and to the nobility of his character. Indeed, his life is a perfect model to follow, In reply to a question about the life of the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) Hazrat Ayesha (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا) said:

"His morals and character are an embodiment of the Holy Qur'an." The final word about the saviour of mankind goes to the Holy Quran:

O Prophet! Surely, We have sent you as a witness, and as a bearer of good news and as a warner. And as one inviting to Allah by His permission, and as a light-giving torch. (Quran, 33:45-46)



Words	Synonyms	معانی
Transformation	alteration	تبدیلی
Character	nature	کردار
Perfect model	ideal replica	بہترین ماڈل
embodiment	personification	مثال، نمونہ
Witness	observer	گواہ
Bearer	carrier	اُٹھانے والا، لانے والا
Warner	Warner	ڈرسانے والا
Inviting	attractive	مدعو کرنا
Permission	consent	اجازت
Giving torch	charitable burn down	روشنی دینا

انسان اور معاشرے کی مکمل تبدیلی نبی پاک ﷺ کے اللہ تعالیٰ پر ایمان، انسانیت کے لیے محبت اور آپ ﷺ کی عظیم الشان سیرت کی وجہ سے ہے۔ بلاشبہ آپ ﷺ کی حیات مبارکہ تقلید کے لیے بہترین نمونہ عمل ہے۔ آپ ﷺ کی حیات مبارکہ کے بارے میں حضرت عائشہؓ سے سوال کے جواب میں فرمایا:

آپ ﷺ کے اخلاق حسنہ اور سیرت قرآن پاک کی زندہ مثال ہیں۔ نوع انسانی کے نجات دہندہ کے بارے میں آخری الفاظ قرآن پاک میں یہ ہیں۔

وَدَاعِيًا إِلَى اللَّهِ بِإِذْنِهِ، وَسِرَاجًا مُنِيرًا ﴿١٥﴾ يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ شَهِيدًا وَمُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا ﴿١٥﴾  
 ”اے نبی ﷺ یقیناً ہم نے تمہیں بھیجا گواہ بنا کر، بشارت دینے والا اور ڈرانے والا بنا کر بھیجا اور اللہ کی اجازت سے اس کی طرف دعوت دینے والا بنا کر اور روشن چراغ بنا کر۔“

## Unit Related Question Answers

1. **Where is Makkah situated?**  
**Ans.** Makkah is situated in Saudi Arabia.
2. **What type of competition was held at Ukaz?**  
**Ans.** Poetical competition was held at Ukaz.
3. **What was the mission of the Holy Prophet?**

**Ans.** The mission of the Holy Prophet ﷺ was to preach of Islam and Tauheed and also the unity of mankind.

**4. Why did the pagan Arabs send a delegation to the Holy prophet's ﷺ uncle?**

**Ans.** The pagan Arabs send a delegation to the Holy prophet's ﷺ uncle to restrain the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) from preaching Allah Almighty's message.

## Glossary:

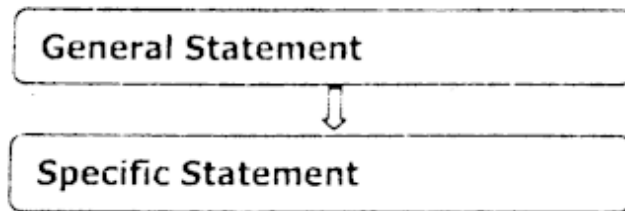
<b>Unparalleled</b>	-----	unmatched
<b>Dunes</b>	-----	sandy hills
<b>Dazzling</b>	-----	extremely bright
<b>Tropical</b>	-----	very hot
<b>Eloquence</b>	-----	fluent
<b>Promulgation</b>	-----	advent
<b>Dispensation</b>	-----	spreading of message
<b>Verge</b>	-----	edge
<b>Chaos</b>	-----	confusion
<b>Crumble</b>	-----	break into pieces
<b>Solitude</b>	-----	the state of being alone, especially when one feels pleasant
<b>Meditation</b>	-----	thinking deeply in silence, especially for religious reasons
<b>Compassion</b>	-----	a strong feelings of sympathy for people who are suffering and a desire to help them
<b>Eradicate</b>	-----	remove
<b>Bestowed with</b>	-----	confer as gift
<b>Proclaim</b>	-----	declare
<b>Nexus</b>	-----	a complicated series of connections between different things
<b>Pagan</b>	-----	disbeliever
<b>Renounce</b>	-----	to state publically that you no longer have a particular belief
<b>Demolish</b>	-----	destroy
<b>Dilemma</b>	-----	a difficult situation, forced to choose one of two alternatives
<b>Theology</b>	-----	religious beliefs
<b>Everlasting</b>	-----	never-ending
<b>Proselytizing</b>	-----	preaching
<b>Transformation</b>	-----	complete change in somebody'
<b>Embodiment</b>	-----	living example

## Oral Activity:

- Form groups and discuss the aspects of the life of the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) related to justice and compassion.

## Comprehension:

- A. Reread paragraph 5 of the lesson and identify the sentences showing:



Sometimes a topic sentence shows a general statement and supporting details are given as specific

**Ans. General Statement:**

The period of waiting has come to a close.

**Specific Statement:**

His heart was overflowing with profound compassion for humanity. He had a pressing urge to eradicate wrong beliefs, social evils, cruelty and injustice. The moment had arrived when he was to be bestowed with prophethood. One day, when he was in the cave of Hira, Hazrat Jibril (Gabriel) (عليه السلام) came and conveyed to him the following message of Allah Almighty:

Read in the name of thy Lord Who created; created man from a clot of congealed blood): Read and thy Lord is most Bountiful, Who taught (the use of) the pen, taught man that which he knew not. (Qur'an, 96:1-5)

**B. Answer the following questions.**

**1. What type of land Arabia is?**

**Ans.** Arabia is a land of unparalleled charm and beauty, with its trackless deserts of sand dunes in the dazzling rays of a tropical sun.

**2. Why was the Holy Quran sent in Arabic?**

**Ans.** The Holy Quran was sent in Arabic because the Arabic is vast language with a large storage of grammar. It is also the language of Holy prophet (ﷺ) that's why the Holy Quran sent in Arabic. It is also the language of eloquence.

**3. For which ability were the Arabs famous?**

**Ans.** The Arabs were famous for their remarkable memory and ability of eloquence. They were brave and warriors.

**4. What was the condition of mankind before the Holy Prophet (ﷺ)?**

**Ans.** Mankind stood on the verge of chaos. It seemed that the civilization which had taken four thousand years to grow had started crumbling.

**5. Why did the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) stay in the cave of Hira?**

**Ans.** The Holy Prophet ﷺ was stayed in the cave of Hira for solitude and meditation in remembrance of Allah almighty.

**6. What was the first revelation?**

**Ans.** Read in the name of thy Lord Who created; created man from a clot of congealed blood: Read and thy Lord is most Bountiful, Who taught (the use of) the pen, taught man that which he knew not.

**7. Why did the pagan Arabs threaten the Holy Prophet's (ﷺ) uncle?**

**Ans.** The pagan Arabs threaten the Holy Prophet's ﷺ uncle because the believe of tauheed was threatening their dominance in the society.

**8. What did Hazrat Ayesha (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا) say about the life of the Holy Prophet (ﷺ)?**

**Ans.** Hazrat Ayesha (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہا) said about the life of the Holy Prophet ﷺ "His morals and character are an embodiment of the Holy Quran."

## For The Teacher:

- Students should be asked to discuss how the teachings of the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) can reform the present day society.
- Help students summarize the main points of the essay.
- Help students understand paragraph and its main components.

## Vocabulary:

**A. Consult a thesaurus and find out the synonyms of the following words.**

Dazzling, imagination, remarkable, composed, preservation, bestowed, message, superstition, abandon

**Ans.**

Words	Synonyms
Dazzling	amazing
Imagination	thoughts
Remarkable	outstanding
Composed	write
Preservation	protection
Bestowed	donate

<b>Message</b>	communication
<b>Superstition</b>	false notion
<b>Abandon</b>	dump

To predict the meaning, we have to read the context carefully and look for suffixes and base words.

Affixation is a process of word formation by adding a prefix or suffix to a root word.

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| • author    | co-author    |
| • necessary | unnecessary  |
| • fair      | unfair       |
| • moral     | immoral      |
| • tie       | untie        |
| • danger    | endanger     |
| • conscious | unconscious  |
| • fortune   | misfortune   |
| • kind      | kindness     |
| • care      | careless     |
| • postpone  | postponement |
| • adjust    | adjustment   |
| • treat     | treatment    |
| • meaning   | meaningful   |
| • hard      | hardship     |
| • friend    | friendship   |
| • fond      | fondness     |
| • happy     | happiness    |
| • comfort   | comfortable  |

### For The Teacher:

- Help students use a thesaurus to locate the synonyms closest to the meaning of the given words in the context.
- B. Add appropriate prefixes or suffixes to the following root words to make other words.**

One, belief, parallel, justice, flinching, knowledge, construction

**Ans.**

Words	Prefixes/Suffixes
<b>One</b>	Oneness
<b>Belief</b>	Believable
<b>Parallel</b>	unparallel
<b>Justice</b>	injustice
<b>Flinching</b>	unflinching
<b>Knowledge</b>	Knowledgeable
<b>Construction</b>	Constructive

**C. Match column A with B to find the exact meanings of the words.**

Column A	Column B	Exact Meanings
charm	eliminate	attraction
compose	belief	write
civilization	write	culture
faith	culture	belief
eradicate	attraction	eliminate
eloquent	confer as gift	fluent
bestowed with	fluent	confer as gift
demolish	preaching	destroy
proselytizing	destroy	preaching
everlasting	living example	never-ending
embodiment	never-ending	living example
chaos	edge	confusion
verge	confusion	edge
wonder	pride	surprise
dignity	surprise	pride

**D. Use the following words in the sentences.**

century, conquest, influential, determination, delegation, quietly, urge, ignorance

Words	Meaning	Sentences
Century	صدی	Afridi made a double century in the previous match.
Conquest	فتح	The conquest of Khyber was Hazrat Ali (رضی اللہ تعالیٰ عنہ).
Influential	بااثر	Chief justice of Pakistan is an influential person.
Determination	عزم	We should fight with terrorism with great determination.
Delegation	وفد	A delegation of Muslim league met the prime minister.
Quietly	خاموشی سے	Ahmed left his house quietly and go to abroad.
Urge	مجبور کرنا	Ali urged his father to buy a laptop.
Ignorance	جهالت	Ignorance is our national problem.

**For The Teacher:**

- Help students understand the relationship between Words, and their meanings.

**Grammar:**

**Adjectives**

A word used with a noun to describe or point out a person, place or thing, or to tell the number or quantity, is called an adjective. e.g. famous poet •

Choose the correct adjective.

1. Ashfaq Ahmad was a \_\_\_\_\_ writer.
  - a. famed
  - b. famous ✓
  - c. famously
  - d. infamous
2. This is a very \_\_\_\_\_ seminar.
  - a. information
  - b. informed
  - c. informative ✓
  - d. informing
3. My mother becomes \_\_\_\_\_ if I get home late.
  - a. anxiety
  - b. anxious ✓
  - c. anxieties
  - d. anxiously
4. It is \_\_\_\_\_ to get the correct information from the university office.
  - a. advisable
  - b. advisable ✓
  - c. advising
  - d. advised
5. Who is \_\_\_\_\_ for this chaos.
  - a. responding
  - b. responsible ✓
  - c. responsive
  - d. responded

A. Find out ten adjectives from the lesson.

Ans. trackless, tropical, dazzling, remarkable, eloquence, profound, caring, spiritual, Unparallel, worldly

B. Use these adjectives in sentences.

Ans.

Words	Meaning	Sentences
Trackless	بے نشان	Saudi Arabia is a land of trackless deserts.
Tropical	استوائی	America is a sub tropical country.
Dazzling	بہت تیز	I could not see anything in the dazzling light.
Remarkable	غیر معمولی	Hazrat Muhammad made (ﷺ) remarkable and eloquence speech in juma-tu-al-wida.
Eloquence	فصیح	Hazrat Muhammad made (ﷺ) eloquence speech at the time of preaching.
Profound	بہت زیادہ	Ahmad had a profound knowledge of math.
Caring	خیال رکھنے والا	Mother is a caring and loving personality.
Spiritual	روحانی	There is a lack of spiritual peoples in this world.
Unparallel	بے مثال	Minar-e-Pakistan is a un parallel monument of Pakistan.
Worldly	دنیاوی	Do not take much interest in worldly affairs.

## For The Teacher:

- Help students find out the adjectives.

### Conditionals: Type I (Open condition)

Conditionals of this type tell us that something will happen if a certain condition is fulfilled. The condition may or may not be fulfilled.

e.g. If he works hard, he will win the competition.

### C. Complete the sentences using the correct form of verb given below.

invite, go, play, sell, help, allow, win, inform, pass

1. If I see Aslam, I'll invite him to dinner tomorrow.
2. If I go out, I'll turn off the TV.
3. If you play tricks on people, they will not trust you again.
4. If the farmer sells all his kiwi-fruit in the market, he will be very pleased.
5. I'll help you with your homework if I can.
6. I'll give you to ride my bike if you like.
7. Will you leave a message to Auntie Sophie if you see her?
8. If you don't leave now, you will be late from school.
9. Will you inform me, if you're going to be late?
10. If he works hard, he will pass the competition.

### D. Put the correct verb in blanks.

1. I have been living in this house since 1970.  
(has been, have been, was, will be)
2. He came here yesterday.  
(has come, came, will come, come)
3. If you come I shall be available.  
(will come, come, have come, came)
4. He will take the examination next year.  
(will have, will, will be, shall)
5. He will come to us tomorrow.  
(comes, will come, came, had come)

## For The Teacher:

- Help students recognize the **structure** and use of conditional type I.

## Writing Skills:

### A. Summarize paragraph 2 of the lesson in three to four sentences.

**Ans.** The Arab had a remarkable memory and were and eloquent peoples. Every year a fair was held for the poetical competition at Ukaz. That is the reason Allah Almighty choose the Arabic language for sending final message to the mankind.

### B. Write an essay on 'The kindness of the Holy Prophet (ﷺ)'. (170 - 200 words)

**Ans.** "The kindness of the Holy Prophet ﷺ"



The Holy Prophet of Islam ﷺ is a unique person in the history of the creation of this earth. None like him ﷺ was born before him and none like him ﷺ will ever be born again.

Muslims from all walks of life and from all corners of the world, divided by geography, race and language, are all united in their reverence and devotion to the Holy Prophet ﷺ to the religion of Islam and the Holy Qur'an.

What was so special, extraordinary and unique about the Holy Prophet ﷺ that he should have been chosen by God as a supreme example to guide mankind to ideals of happiness and perfection?

Another incident, in total contrast to the Ta'if incident, in the life of the Holy Prophet ﷺ that shows his nobility, generosity and beneficent attitude to human beings is the triumphant entry into Makkah, which in a sense, highlights his earthly career. There he was at the moment of supreme triumph, when the very people who had caused him untold hardship and trials for many years, who had forced him to fight wars were all subdued and at the mercy of one command from him. Instead of thinking of revenge, which was certainly his due, he forgave them all.

Karen Armstrong, commenting on the final triumph, says:

'After the declaration of General Amnesty, nobody was made to accept Islam by force, nor do they seem to have been under any pressure to do so. Muhammad ﷺ did not want to coerce the people but to effect reconciliation.'

The Holy Prophet ﷺ behavior and his vision of a balanced and harmonious life on earth is based on the integration of the temporal and spiritual dimension of one's life, human reality and relationship with God Almighty.

Indeed, for every occasion, for every circumstance in the life of a Muslim, there is a precedent in the life of the Holy Prophet ﷺ from which knowledge and inspiration can be drawn.

The Holy Qur'an is the vast world of creation in which a Muslim lives and the Holy Prophet of Islam ﷺ is the interpreter par excellence of that divine message.

That is why all Muslims, all over the world, look up to the life of the Holy Prophet ﷺ of Islam to follow his example.

## Oral Communications Skills

- A. **Ask students to make groups and discuss the social evils present in the society along with their remedial measures.**

### For The Teacher:

- Illustrate use of tenses learnt earlier.
- Guide students to write the summary of the passage in their own words highlighting main points.
- Help students use appropriate expressions in the discussion.